

Combating of Trafficking in Persons and Sexual Exploitation of Children

Law No. 3(1) of 2000

(...)

8. Suing for damages/course of action for compensation

1. Notwithstanding and without prejudice to any other legal right which is provided under any legal or other provision, the victims of exploitation according to the meaning of this Law have an additional right for damages against any person who is responsible for their exploitation, and is liable for damages, special and general.

2. The above-mentioned general damages must be just and reasonable and in their assessment the Court may take into consideration the following:

- a. the extent of the exploitation and the benefit the liable derived from such exploitation,
- b. the future prospects of the victim and the extent to which such prospects were affected by the exploitation,
- c. the culpability of the offender,
- d. the relationship or the dominating position or influence of the offender with regard to the victim.

3. The Court may award punitive damages when the degree of the exploitation or the degree of relationship or the dominating position of the offender with regard to the victim so require.

4. The Court, in the award of special damages, takes into consideration every item of expense which resulted from exploitation including costs for repatriation in the case of foreigners.

(...)